### Section 1 - Identification of The Material and Supplier

Acrylic Technologies A 4/128 Station Rd Seven Hills, NSW 214	-	Phone: 02-9674 3005 (office hours) Fax: 02-9674 8005
Chemical nature:	Acrylic resin in a suitable solvent system	
Trade Name:	ACRI-BOND 125	
Product Use:	Solvent Cement - adhesive for plastics.	
Creation Date:	September, 2015	
This version issued:	June, 2018 and is valid for 5 years from	n this date.
Poisons Information Centre: Phone 13 1126 from anywhere in Australia		

### Section 2 - Hazards Identification

### Statement of Hazardous Nature

This product is classified as: Xn, Harmful. Xi, Irritating. N, Dangerous to the environment. Hazardous according to the criteria of SWA.

Not a Dangerous Good according to Australian Dangerous Goods (ADG) Code, IATA or IMDG/IMSBC criteria.

Risk Phrases: R45, R66, R67, R68, R36/38, R52/53. May cause cancer. Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness. Possible risk or irreversible effects. Irritating to eyes and skin. Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects to the aquatic environment. Safety Phrases: S2, S23, S45, S53, S61, S24/25, S36/37. Keep out of reach of children. Do not breathe vapours. In case of accident or if you feel unwell, contact a doctor or Poisons Information Centre immediately (show this SDS where possible). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions/Safety Data Sheets. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Wear suitable protective clothing and gloves.

### SUSMP Classification: S6

ADG Classification: None allocated. Not a Dangerous Good according to Australian Dangerous Goods (ADG) Code, IATA or IMDG/IMSBC criteria.

**UN Number:** None allocated





# GHS Signal word: DANGER

#### **HAZARD STATEMENT:**

H227: Combustible liquid.

AUH066: Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

H315: Causes skin irritation.

H320: Causes eye irritation.

H335: May cause respiratory irritation.

H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H350: May cause cancer.

H371: May cause damage to organs.

H412: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### PREVENTION

P102: Keep out of reach of children.

P201: Obtain special instructions before use.

P202: Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P210: Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and hot surfaces. - No smoking.

P260: Do not breathe fumes, mists, vapours or spray.

P262: Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.

P264: Wash contacted areas thoroughly after handling.

P271: Use only outdoors or in a well ventilated area.

P273: Avoid release to the environment.

P280: Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection.

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

Issued by: Acrylic Technologies Australia Pty Ltd

Phone: 02-9674 3005 (office hours)

#### RESPONSE

P312: Call a POISON CENTRE or doctor if you feel unwell.

P362: Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

P301+P330+P331: IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

P302+P352: IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

P304+P340: IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. P305+P351+P338: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P332+P313: If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice.

P337+P313: If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice.

P370+P378: In case of fire, use carbon dioxide, dry chemical, foam, water fog.

#### STORAGE

P402+P404: Store in a dry place. Store in a closed container.

P403+P235: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

#### DISPOSAL

P501: If they can not be recycled, dispose of contents to an approved waste disposal plant and containers to landfill (see Section 13 of this SDS).

#### **Emergency Overview**

#### Physical Description & Colour: Clear, colourless liquid.

Odour: Characteristic ether-like odour.

**Major Health Hazards:** may cause cancer, irritating to eyes and skin, repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking, vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Section 3 - Composition/Information on Ingredients				
Ingredients	CAS No	Conc,%	TWA (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	STEL (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )
Dichloromethane	75-09-2	10-30	174	not set
Trichloroethylene	79-01-6	30-60	54	216
Other non hazardous ingredients	secret	to 100	not set	not set

This is a commercial product whose exact ratio of components may vary slightly. Minor quantities of other non hazardous ingredients are also possible.

The SWA TWA exposure value is the average airborne concentration of a particular substance when calculated over a normal 8 hour working day for a 5 day working week. The STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit) is an exposure value that may be equalled (but should not be exceeded) for no longer than 15 minutes and should not be repeated more than 4 times per day. There should be at least 60 minutes between successive exposures at the STEL. The term "peak "is used when the TWA limit, because of the rapid action of the substance, should never be exceeded, even briefly.

#### **Section 4 - First Aid Measures**

#### General Information:

You should call The Poisons Information Centre if you feel that you may have been poisoned, burned or irritated by this product. The number is 13 1126 from anywhere in Australia (0800 764 766 in New Zealand) and is available at all times. Have this SDS with you when you call.

**Inhalation:** First aid is not generally required. If in doubt, contact a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor. **Skin Contact:** Wash gently and thoroughly with warm water (use non-abrasive soap if necessary) for 10-20 minutes or until product is removed. Under running water, remove contaminated clothing, shoes and leather goods (e.g. watchbands and belts) and completely decontaminate them before reuse or discard. If irritation persists, repeat flushing and seek medical attention.

**Eye Contact:** Immediately flush the contaminated eye(s) with lukewarm, gently flowing water for 15 minutes or until the product is removed, while holding the eyelid(s) open. Take care not to rinse contaminated water into the unaffected eye or onto the face. Obtain medical attention immediately. Take special care if exposed person is wearing contact lenses.

**Ingestion:** If swallowed, do NOT induce vomiting. Wash mouth with water and contact a Poisons Information Centre, or call a doctor.

## **Section 5 - Fire Fighting Measures**

**Fire and Explosion Hazards**: The major hazard in fires is usually inhalation of heated and toxic or oxygen deficient (or both), fire gases. There is little risk of an explosion from this product if commercial quantities are involved in a fire. Vapours from this product are heavier than air and may accumulate in sumps, pits and other low-lying spaces, forming potentially explosive mixtures. They may also flash back considerable distances. Fire decomposition products from this product may be toxic if inhaled. Take appropriate protective measures.

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

Issued by: Acrylic Technologies Australia Pty Ltd

Phone: 02-9674 3005 (office hours)

**Extinguishing Media:** In case of fire, use carbon dioxide, dry chemical, foam, water fog. **Fire Fighting:** If a significant quantity of this product is involved in a fire, call the fire brigade.

>100°C
No data.
No data.
No data.
Not flammable (GHS); C1 combustible (AS 1940)

### Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures

**Accidental release:** In the event of a major spill, prevent spillage from entering drains or water courses. Wear full protective clothing including eye/face protection. All skin areas should be covered. See below under Personal Protection regarding Australian Standards relating to personal protective equipment. Suitable materials for protective clothing include Nitrile, butyl rubber, PVA. Eye/face protective equipment should comprise as a minimum, protective goggles. If there is a significant chance that vapours or mists are likely to build up in the cleanup area, we recommend that you use a respirator. It should be fitted with a type A cartridge, suitable for organic vapours. Stop leak if safe to do so, and contain spill. Absorb onto sand, vermiculite or other suitable absorbent material. If spill

Stop leak it safe to do so, and contain spill. Absorb onto sand, vermiculite or other suitable absorbent material. It spill is too large or if absorbent material is not available, try to create a dike to stop material spreading or going into drains or waterways. Sweep up and shovel or collect recoverable product into labelled containers for recycling or salvage, and dispose of promptly. Recycle containers wherever possible after careful cleaning. After spills, wash area preventing runoff from entering drains. If a significant quantity of material enters drains, advise emergency services. This material may be suitable for approved landfill. Ensure legality of disposal by consulting regulations prior to disposal. Thoroughly launder protective clothing before storage or re-use. Advise laundry of nature of contamination when sending contaminated clothing to laundry.

# Section 7 - Handling and Storage

**Handling:** Keep exposure to this product to a minimum, and minimise the quantities kept in work areas. Check Section 8 of this SDS for details of personal protective measures, and make sure that those measures are followed. The measures detailed below under "Storage" should be followed during handling in order to minimise risks to persons using the product in the workplace. Also, avoid contact or contamination of product with incompatible materials listed in Section 10.

**Storage:** Note that this product is GHS Flammable Class 4 and therefore, for Storage, meets the definition of Dangerous Goods. If you store large quantities (tonnes) of such products, we suggest that you consult your state's Dangerous Goods authority in order to clarify your obligations regarding their storage.

Store packages of this product in a cool place. Make sure that containers of this product are kept tightly closed. Keep containers dry and away from water. Keep containers of this product in a well ventilated area. Make sure that the product does not come into contact with substances listed under "Incompatibilities" in Section 10. Some liquid preparations settle or separate on standing and may require stirring before use. Check packaging - there may be further storage instructions on the label.

## **Section 8 - Exposure Controls and Personal Protection**

The following Australian Standards will provide general advice regarding safety clothing and equipment:

Respiratory equipment: **AS/NZS 1715**, Protective Gloves: **AS 2161**, Occupational Protective Clothing: AS/NZS 4501 set 2008, Industrial Eye Protection: **AS1336** and **AS/NZS 1337**, Occupational Protective Footwear: **AS/NZS2210**.

SWA Exposure Limits	TWA (mg/m³)	STEL (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )
Dichloromethane	174	not set
Trichloroethylene	54	216

No special equipment is usually needed when occasionally handling small quantities. The following instructions are for bulk handling or where regular exposure in an occupational setting occurs without proper containment systems. **Ventilation:** This product should only be used in a well ventilated area. If natural ventilation is inadequate, use of a

# fan is suggested.

**Eye Protection:** Protective glasses or goggles should be worn when this product is being used. Failure to protect your eyes may cause them harm. Emergency eye wash facilities are also recommended in an area close to where this product is being used.

**Skin Protection:** Prevent skin contact by wearing impervious gloves, clothes and, preferably, apron. Make sure that all skin areas are covered. See below for suitable material types.

**Protective Material Types:** We suggest that protective clothing be made from the following materials: nitrile, butyl rubber, PVA.

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

Issued by: Acrylic Technologies Australia Pty Ltd

Phone: 02-9674 3005 (office hours)

**Respirator:** Usually, no respirator is necessary when using this product. However, if you have any doubts consult the Australian Standard mentioned above.

Eyebaths or eyewash stations and safety deluge showers should, if practical, be provided near to where this product is being handled commercially.

### Section 9 - Physical and Chemical Properties:

Physical Description & colour:	Clear, colourless liquid.
Odour:	Characteristic ether-like odour.
Boiling Point:	Boils in a range above 40°C at 100kPa
Freezing/Melting Point:	No specific data. Liquid at normal temperatures.
Volatiles:	Approx 75%
Vapour Pressure:	Approx 45kPa at 20°C
Vapour Density:	No data.
Specific Gravity:	Approx 1.34
Water Solubility:	Slightly soluble.
pH:	No data.
Volatility:	No data.
Odour Threshold:	No data.
Evaporation Rate:	No data.
Coeff Oil/water Distribution:	No data
Autoignition temp:	No data.

### Section 10 - Stability and Reactivity

**Reactivity:** This product is unlikely to react or decompose under normal storage conditions. However, if you have any doubts, contact the supplier for advice on shelf life properties.

**Conditions to Avoid:** This product should be kept in a cool place, preferably below 30°C. Keep containers tightly closed. Containers should be kept dry. Keep containers and surrounding areas well ventilated.

#### Incompatibilities: strong oxidising agents.

**Fire Decomposition:** Combustion forms carbon dioxide, and if incomplete, carbon monoxide and possibly smoke. Water is also formed. May form hydrogen chloride gas, other compounds of chlorine. Carbon monoxide poisoning produces headache, weakness, nausea, dizziness, confusion, dimness of vision, disturbance of judgment, and unconsciousness followed by coma and death.

Polymerisation: This product will not undergo polymerisation reactions.

## **Section 11 - Toxicological Information**

#### Local Effects: Target Organs:

There is no data to hand indicating any particular target organs.

Trichloroethylene is a SWA Class 3 Mutagen, possibly mutagenic to humans.

## **Potential Health Effects**

#### Inhalation:

**Short Term Exposure:** High vapour pressures may cause drowsiness and dizziness. In addition product is unlikely to cause any discomfort or irritation.

**Long Term Exposure:** This product is carcinogenic by inhalation exposure. Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

### Skin Contact:

**Short Term Exposure:** This product is a skin irritant. Symptoms may include itchiness and reddening of contacted skin. Other symptoms may also become evident, but if treated promptly, all should disappear once exposure has ceased.

Long Term Exposure: Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

## Eye Contact:

**Short Term Exposure:** This product is an eye irritant. Symptoms may include stinging and reddening of eyes and watering which may become copious. Other symptoms may also become evident. If exposure is brief, symptoms should disappear once exposure has ceased. However, lengthy exposure or delayed treatment may cause permanent damage.

Long Term Exposure: No data for health effects associated with long term eye exposure.

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

Issued by: Acrylic Technologies Australia Pty Ltd

Phone: 02-9674 3005 (office hours)

### Ingestion:

**Short Term Exposure:** Significant oral exposure is considered to be unlikely. However, this product is an oral irritant. Symptoms may include burning sensation and reddening of skin in mouth and throat. Other symptoms may also become evident, but all should disappear once exposure has ceased.

Long Term Exposure: No data for health effects associated with long term ingestion.

## **Carcinogen Status:**

**SWA:** Dichloromethane is classified by SWA as a Class 3 Carcinogen, possibly carcinogenic to humans. Trichloroethylene is classified by SWA as a Class 2 Carcinogen, likely to be carcinogenic to humans.

See the SWA website for further details. A web address has not been provided as addresses frequently change.

**NTP:** Dichloromethane is classified by NTP as reasonably anticipated to be carcinogenic to humans.

Trichloroethylene is classified by NTP as reasonably anticipated to be carcinogenic to humans.

See the NTP website for further details. A web address has not been provided as addresses frequently change.

**IARC:** Dichloromethane is classed 2b IARC - possibly carcinogenic to humans.

Trichloroethylene is classed 1 by IARC - carcinogenic to humans.

See the IARC website for further details. A web address has not been provided as addresses frequently change.

## **Classification of Hazardous Ingredients**

Ingredient

Dichloromethane Trichloroethylene Risk Phrases Conc>=1%: Xn: R40

Conc>=20%: T; R45; R68; R36/38

## Dichloromethane Acute Toxicity/Chronic Toxicity

Oral LD<sub>50</sub> (rat): 2100 mg/kg

Inhalation  $LD_{50}$  (rat): 200mg/m<sup>3</sup>/15 minutes.

No adverse effects on blood count, blood pressure, pulmonary function, neurological function cognitive function, alertness and coordination were detected when healthy adults were exposed repeatedly to up to 250 ppm of DCM for 7.5 hrs/day, 5 days/week for two weeks or in the case of the male subjects, at 500 ppm on two consecutive days. Several major studies on human workers showed no casual relationship between exposure to DCM and an increase in the evidence of cancer.

A chronic inhalation study in the mouse has shown that DCM is carcinogenic in this species, when exposed to levels well above the exposure level, causing tumours' both in the liver and the lung.

Additional studies in the mouse, rat and the hamster have shown no further significant evidence of carcinogenic effect. The effect in mice is specific to this species and is very unlikely to occur in humans. This is due to well established differences in the metabolic pathways between rodents and humans. DCM has been classified (IARC) as group 2B agent - DCM is possibly carcinogenic to humans.

### Trichloroethylene Acute Toxicity/Chronic Toxicity

Oral  $LD_{50}$  (rats, cats and rabbits): 6000-7000 mg/kg

A volunteer exposed to 1000 ppm of TCE for two hours experienced adverse effects on visual perception and motor skill. When the volunteer was exposed to 100 and 300 ppm for two hours no significant effects were reported. Long term daily exposure of animals with high oral doses has resulted in liver and kidney damage. Repeated exposure of humans in the workplace appears to have no marked toxic effects on the kidney or liver. The genotoxic potential of TCE has been studied widely using in vivo and in vitro test systems; many of these extensively reported studies used material containing potentially mutagenic epoxide stabilizers. Overall there is no convincing evidence that TCE is genotoxic. TCE has been associated with cancer in rodents. Extensive evaluations of possible mechanisms have led to the conclusion that they are of little, if any, relevance to humans even at high exposure levels. Studies in workers have failed to demonstrate a relationship between exposure to TCE and cancer. Classified by the ACGIH as A5- Not suspected as a human carcinogen.

# Section 12 - Ecological Information

Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects to the aquatic environment.

# Section 13 - Disposal Considerations

**Disposal:** This product may be recycled if unused, or if it has not been contaminated so as to make it unsuitable for its intended use. If it has been contaminated, it may be possible to reclaim the product by filtration, distillation or some other means. If neither of these options is suitable in-house, consider controlled incineration, or contact a specialist waste disposal company.

## **Section 14 - Transport Information**

**UN Number:** This product is not classified as a Dangerous Good by ADG, IATA or IMDG/IMSBC criteria. No special transport conditions are necessary unless required by other regulations.

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

Issued by: Acrylic Technologies Australia Pty Ltd Phone: 02-9674 3005 (office hours) Poisons Information Centre: 13 1126 from anywhere in Australia, (0800 764 766 in New Zealand)

# Section 15 - Regulatory Information

**AICS:** All of the significant ingredients in this formulation are compliant with NICNAS regulations. The following ingredients: Dichloromethane, Trichloroethylene, are mentioned in the SUSMP.

# Section 16 - Other Information

#### This SDS contains only safety-related information. For other data see product literature.

Acronyms:	
ADG Code	Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail (7 <sup>th</sup> edition)
AICS	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances
SWA	Safe Work Australia, formerly ASCC and NOHSC
CAS number	Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number
Hazchem Code	Emergency action code of numbers and letters that provide information to emergency services especially firefighters
IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer
NOS	Not otherwise specified
NTP	National Toxicology Program (USA)
R-Phrase	Risk Phrase
SUSMP	Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines & Poisons
UN Number	United Nations Number
THIS SDS SUMMARISES OUR BEST KNOWLEDGE OF THE HEALTH AND SAFETY HAZARD INFORMATION OF THE PRODUCT AND HOW TO SAFELY HANDLE AND USE THE PRODUCT IN THE WORKPLACE. EACH USER MUST REVIEW THIS SDS IN THE CONTEXT OF HOW THE PRODUCT WILL BE HANDLED AND USED IN THE WORKPLACE.	
IF CLARIFICATION OR FURTHER INFORMATION IS NEEDED TO ENSURE THAT AN APPROPRIATE RISK ASSESSMENT CAN BE MADE, THE USER SHOULD CONTACT THIS COMPANY SO WE CAN ATTEMPT TO OBTAIN ADDITIONAL INFORMATION FROM OUR SUPPLIERS	
	CODUCTS SOLD IS SUBJECT TO OUR STANDARD TERMS AND CONDITIONS, A COPY OF WHICH IS SENT ALSO AVAILABLE ON REQUEST.

Please read all labels carefully before using product.

This SDS is prepared in accord with the SWA document "Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous

Chemicals - Code of Practice" (December 2011) Copyright © Kilford & Kilford Pty Ltd, June, 2018.

http://www.kilford.com.au/ Phone (02)9251 4532